1.3.5 University Curriculum has units and sub-units of the modern subjects like History, Political Science, Education, Psychology, Economics and statistics etc. have contents from Sanskrit based knowledge and being taught in Sanskrit medium. Modern Sanskrit Literature is also included in the curriculum, Provide details.

Sanskrit based knowledge in Units/Sub-Units of Modern Subjects in Curriculum

Hist	ory of Vedic	Literatu	e			
Sl.No.	Modern Subject	Programme	Title of the course	Topic which is reflected in the course	Units/Sub Units	Description of the topic
1	History of Vedic Literature (Ancient Indian History)	Shastri/B.A./ B.Sc.		History of Vedic Literature	Unit I - 0000000000000000000000000000000000	

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2	History of Vedic Literature	Shastri/B.A./ B.Sc.	History of Vedic Literature	Unit I – 0000000 000000000000000000000000000	

3	History of Vedic Literature	Shastri/B.A./ B.Sc.	000000	History of Vedic Literature	Unit I – 0000000000000	
	vedic Literature	D.JL.		Literature	DDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDD	
4	History of Vedic Literature	Shastri/B.A./ B.Sc.		History of Vedic Literature	Unit I – 0000000, 00000, 00000, 00000000, 00000000	

ducation		I
1 Educational Psychology Siksha Sastri growing	 UNIT- I: Learner as a Developing Individual Concept of Growth, Development and Maturation Principles of Development Stages of Growth and Development (Infancy, Childhood, Adolescence) Dimensions of Growth and Development (Physical, Cognitive, Emotional, Social, Moral, language) Longitudinal and cross-sectional approaches of understanding development UNIT-II: Theories of Development (Piaget"s) Theory of Moral Development (Kohlberg"s). Theory of Moral Development (Kohlberg"s). Theory of language development (Vygotsky, chomsky) UNIT-III. Learning & Motivation Concept and principles of learning Theories of learning, conditioning and cognitive theories Theories Classical conditioning Cskinner's Operant conditioning Gestalt Theory & insight learning Bandura's - Social Learning Theory Motivation - concept & definition, Maslow's Motivation Theory. UNIT-IV. Intelligence, Creativity and Exceptional children Intelligence - Concept and meaning of intelligence, Theories of intelligence, measurement of intelligence, 	This course's units an sub units contai detailed description of concepts on differen stages of child' growth an development. Thi course is completel taught in Sanskrit only

2	Educational	Siksha	Philosophical &	Educational	UNIT-I: Introduction to Philosophy and Education	This course's units
	Philosophy	Sastri	Sociological Perspectives of	Philosophy	1. Concept and Scope of Philosophy	and sub units elaborately describes
			Education		2. Concept and Scope of Education	ancient philosophy, relationship between
					3. Types and Functions of Education	education and
					4. Relationship between Philosophy and Education.	philosophy, Eastern and western
					5. Philosophy and aims of Education	philosophy. This course is completely
					UNIT-II: Indian Education: Historical Perspective	taught in Sanskrit
					1. Education during Ancient Period (Vedic, Buddhist and Jains)	only.
					2. Education during Medieval Period (Vedic, Buddhist, Jains and Islamic)	
					3. Education during Modern Period (Pre-Independent and Post Independent era)	
					UNIT-III: Eastern and Western Schools of Philosophy	
					1. Eastern Systems of Philosophy	
					i. Sankhya ii. Yoga iii. Nyaya iv. Vedanta	
					2. Western Schools of Philosophy	
					i.Idealism ii. Naturalism iii. Pragmatism iv. Existentialism	
					3. Educational thinkers and their contribution in developing principles of education.	
					A. Indian	
					i. Swami Vivekananda, ii, M. K. Gandhi iii. Jiddu Krishna Murthy iv. Rabindranath Tagore v. Dr. B. R Ambedk	
					B. Western	
					i. John Dewey ii. Pestalozzi iii. Frobel iv. Rousseau	
					UNIT-IV: Sociology and Education	

					1 Machine network and some of appialants	
					1.Meaning, nature and scope of sociology	
					2.Relationship between sociology and Education	
					3.Agencies of socialization (Family, peer group, school, Media, Religion)	
					4.Role of Teacher in Socialisation.	
					5.Impact of Socialisation on Education	
					UNIT-V: Democracy and Education	
					1.Concept and Principles of Democracy	
					2.Equality and equity in Education	
					3.Preamble of the Constitution in relation to Education	
					4.Role of Education in strengthening democracy and	
					democratic citizenship.	
					5.Teacher as a democrat	
3	Pedagogy, Technology, ICT	Siksha Sastri	Technology of Teaching & Learning	Pedagogy, Technology, ICT, computer application	 UNIT - I 1. Introduction to Educational Technology & Communication (i) History (ii) Meaning (iii) Approaches 2. Branches of Educational technology: Behavioral Technology, Instructional Technology and Teaching Technology 3. Elements, Process, Types, Barriers and factors affecting communication. Teaching - learning Process as communication. UNIT - II. Strategies of Teaching & Training 1. Stages of Teaching Pre active – Interactive – Post active 2. Levels of Teaching Memory - Understanding and Independent levels 3. Strategies of Teaching: Meaning, concept and various types Autocratic and Democratic strategies 4. Training Technique (i) Micro-teaching UNIT - III. Modern trends & Teaching Aids in Educational Technology 	This course's units and sub units talk about teaching learning process with technology and is taught in Sanskrit completely.

4	Health Education, yoga education	Siksha Sastri	Physical & health education, yoga & stress management	Health Education, yoga education	 Programmed learning. b) Various kinds of projected, non - projected aids and their use. UNIT -I. Physical education Concept, Aims, Importance, Field, Need of Physical Education in Curriculum. Basic Principles & Social Benefits of Physical Education. Types of Major Games in School, their importance of General rules. Organization and Conduct of the Competitions. UNIT -II. Health Education Meaning, Concept, Definitions, Need Health Habits, Importance of Exercises, Free Hand Exercise, Drill & March past, Rhythmic Activities, Communicable Diseases and Food Habits. Physical fitness. UNIT -III. Yoga tradition in India History, Meaning, Concept, Definitions, Need Astanga Yoga Balanced diet. UNIT -IV Types of Yogaasanas. Suryanamaskaras and Types Yogaasanas - Ardhakatichakrasna, Trikonasana, Ardhachakrasana, vajrasana, Suptavajrasana, Shashakasana, Padmasana, Pavanamuktasana, Sarvangasana, Chakrasana UNIT -V. Stress Management Pranayama - Anuloma viloma, Suryabhedana, Chandrabhedana, Bhramari, Sitali, sitkari). Kriyas - Vamanadhouti, Jalaneti, Techniques for Stress Management. 	This course's units and sub units talk about conceptual outlook on yoga, yogasanas and asanas for stress management and is taught in Sanskrit completely.
5	History of Indian Education	Siksha Sastri	Contemporary india and education	History of Indian Education	UNIT - I Contemporary India1.Educational scenario of India: diversity in terms of educational opportunities- religion, caste, class, gender, language, region and tribes;2.Challenges in achieving universal elementary education3.Demands of diverse social groups towards education;4.Role of education in creating positive attitude	History of Indian Education

towards diversity ;
5. Population explosion and educational challenge:
Population size; composition and distribution in India;
consequences of population growth;
UNIT - II Constitutional Provisions and Education
1. Constitutional provisions on education that reflect
National ideals:
Democracy and the values of equality, justice, freedom,
concern for others' well- being, secularism, respect for
human dignity and rights.
2. India as an evolving Nation: Vision, Nature and
Salient
Features – Democratic and Secular polity, Federal structure:
Implications for educational system;
3. Aims and purposes of education drawn from
constitutional provision;
4. Fundamental Rights & Duties of Citizens
5. Universalization of Education
6. RTE Act 2009 and Child Rights
7. Decentralization of Education and Panchayati Raj
(specifically though 73rd and 74th amendment)
8. Role of Central and State governments in the
development of education
UNIT - III Policy Framework for Development of Education
in India
1. Overview of educational reform in the Pre-
independence period- Macaulay'minutes, Wood &
Despatch, Hunter Commissions; Sargent Report, Basic
education;
2. Education in Post Independence Period: Mudaliar
Commission(1952) Education Commission (1964-66);NPE
1968;NPE 1986 and its modified version 1992; Knowledge
Commission;
3. Emerging trends in the interface between
i. political process and education;
ii. economic developments and education; and
iii. Socio-cultural changes and education.
iv. Idea of Common School System
v. National System of Education
4. Language Policy
a. Learning Without Burden-1993
b. Justice Verma Commission-2012
b. Justice vernia commission=2012

6	Gender,	Siksha	Gender school	Gender	 UNIT - IV - Initiatives of the Government of India Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA) Rashtriya Madhyamik Shiksha Abhiyan (RMSA) Mid-day Meal Schemes for girls, SC, ST and Marginalised Group ICT In School Education- National Repository of Open Educational Resources (NROER) Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya National Mission on Teachers and Teaching (PMMMNMTT) UNIT - V Contemporary Indian Education: Concerns and Issues Challenges in Implementation of RTE Act 2009 Right to Education and Universal Access: Issues of a) Universal enrolment Universal retention Universal success Issues of quality and equity. (The above to be discussed with specific reference to physical, economic, social and cultural access, particularly to girl child and weaker sections as well as differently- abled children) School safety – Government of India guidelines for Cyber-safety. Disaster Management. Equality of Educational Opportunity: Meaning of equality and constitutional provisions Prevailing nature and forms of inequality, including dominant and minor groups and related issues Inequality in schooling: Public-private schools, rural-urban Schools, single teachers' schools and many other forms of inequalities in school systems and the processes leading to disparities 	This course's units
6	Gender, school & society	Siksha Sastri	Gender, school & society	Gender, Gender bias, Gender Stereotype,	 UNIT - I : Gender issues Gender, Sex, Sexuality, Patriarchy, Masculinity and Feminism. Gender related bias, Stereotype, and 	This course's units and sub units talk about Gender, Gender bias, Gender
				Empowermen	Empowerment.	Stereotype,
				t, Gender	3. Equity and Equality in relation with Caste, Class,	Empowerment,
				Parity, Equity	Religion, Disability and Region.	Gender Parity, Equity
				and Equality,	4. Sexual Harassment and Abuse	and Equality,
				Patriarchy and	UNIT- II : Gender issues In Curriculum	Patriarchy and

		Citata	Encircumental	Feminism	 Gender, Culture and Institution - Intersection of Class, Caste, Religion and Region Curriculum and Gender Issues. Gender in Text Books and in related Subjects. Teacher as an Agent of Change UNIT - III : Gender Jurisprudences (In Indian Contest) Pre - Natal Diagnostic Technique (PNDT) Act, 1994 The draft sexual Law Reforms in India, 2000 Domestic Violence Act, 2005 Reservation for Women Supreme Court Verdict about transgender. 	Feminism and it is taught in Sanskrit completely.
7	Environment al education	Siksha Sastri	Environmental education	Environment al education		This course throws light on different types of pollution, protection of our surrounding ,creates awareness on environmental education and it is taught in Sanskrit completely.

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8	Psychology	Siksha Sastri	Guidance and counselling	Psychology	 UNIT - I Educational Guidance. Meaning, Definition, Scope and nature of guidance. Types of guidance – Personal, Educational, Vocational and career guidance. Definition of Educational guidance. Need for Educational guidance. Impact of guidance on Education. Educational guidance at different level. UNIT - II Vocational Guidance Definition of Vocational guidance. Aims and purpose of vocational guidance. Need of vocational guidance. Factors affecting while choosing right occupation Maturity, Motivation , Job satisfaction , Success. UNIT - III Definition and Nature of Counselling Meaning, Concept and definition of Counselling. 	Psychology
					Counselling 1. Meaning, Concept and definition of	
9	Human rights	Siksha Sastri	Human rights	Human rights	UNIT - I. Human Rights Education	This course's units and sub units talk

					 Concept and Need of Human rights Education Indian Constitution and Human Rights The Basic Human Rights (i) Right To equality (iii) Right To Protection (ii) Right To Education (iv) Right To Protection (i) Right To Education (iv) Right To Protection (ii) Right To Education (iv) Right To Protection (ii) Right To Education (iv) Right To security 4 Child rights – Protection Of Children from Sexual Offence Act (POCSO Act - 2012) UNIT - II. Human Rights Education at various levels 1 Elementary, Secondary and Higher level. 2 Courses on Human Rights - Structure and formats 3 Human Rights Education in Teacher Education programs 4 Right to Education Act (RTE). UNIT - III. Efforts of Human Right Commission (NHRC) its origin, function and scope 2 State Human Rights Commission (SHRC) its origin, function and scope 2 State Human Rights for women, children and socially deprived. 4 Rights and duties - Role of school and teacher in propagating human rights. 	about Human rights and equality, national and international efforts in the human rights, role of the school and teacher in proper creation of human rights awareness and it is taught in Sanskrit completely.
10	Philosophy of Education	Siksha Acharya	Philosophy of Education	Philosophy of Education	UNIT - I. Educational Philosophy 1. Meaning and function 2. Relationship between Philosophy of Education	
					 and Science of Education. 3. Relation between Education and Society. 4. Indian concept underlying Philosophy of Education 	

		5. Modern concept of Philosophy	
		6. Branches of Philosophy –Ontology (Meta-	
		physics), Epistemology and Axiology	
		UNIT -II. Some recent philosophical trends	
		Their impact on Educational thought and practice:	
		1. Dialectical Materialism 2. Existentialism	
		UNIT -III. Understanding Values:	
		1. Values: Meaning and their role in individual and social life	
		2. Values and associated terms—ethics, morals, principles, rules, principles, laws, customs and tradition	
		3. Values: Sources and their nature	
		4. Kinds of Values: Personal, Economic, Social, Political and Spiritual	
		5. Theories of values: Subjective and Objective theories	
		6. Instrumental values and ultimate values	
		7. Value conflict and Value crisis	
		8. Role of education in value transformation	
		UNIT - IV. Impact of Philosophical thought	
		on Education	
		with special reference to	
		1. Aims and ideals of Education	
		2. Curriculum	
		3. School Organization and Administration	
		4. Pupil – Teacher relationship	
		5. Concept of Discipline & Freedom	
		UNIT - V. Cultural heritage	
		1. Explanation, contributions of different religions (Hinduism, Buddhism, Jainism,	

					Sikhism, Islam and Christianity) for the cause of
					Education and human upliftment.2. Philosophy of celebration of Indian festivals.
11	Educational	Siksha	Psychology of	Educational	
	Psychology	Acharya	Development	Psychology	UNIT - I. Psychology as scientific study -
			and Learning		1. Significance of Educational Psychology
					2. Major Schools of Psychology :
					Behaviourism, Psycho-Analysis, Humanism, Cognitivism, Constructivism.
					UNIT - II. Learning - concept, nature and implications.
					1. Basic concepts and principles of major learning theories and their educational implications.
					(i) Piaget Learning Theory,
					(ii) Hull's Drive Reduction theory,
					(iii) Gagne's Conditions of learning.
					(iv). Kolb's Experiential Learning
					2. Cognition in Learning:
					(i) Cognitive processess:
					a. sensation, perception, attention, memory and forgetting.
					b. Theories on Memory and Forgetting
					(ii) Development of concepts, logical reasoning, critical thinking, and problem solving.
					UNIT - III. Intelligence
					1. Theories - Gardner's theory of multiple

					intelligence; i. Goleman's theory of Emotional intelligence
					 Measurement of intelligence.
					UNIT - IV. Personality - Concept; Type theories, Trait theories
					Psycho-dynamic theory
					Theories of Freud, Adler and Jung
					Trait theories
					(i) Eysenck theory (ii) Five factor model and its facets
					Humanistic theory
					(i) Hierarchy of Needs of Abraham Maslow
					UNIT - V. Assessment of personality
					1. Subjective, Objective and projective
					methods. 2. Personality in Indian View.
					i. The concept of matured personality
					Stitapragna ii. Value of yoga and meditation in raising
					the powers of the mind and the level of
12	Teacher	Siksha	Teacher	Teacher	consciousness. Panchakosha Theory UNIT - I Teachers and Teaching Profession -
	Education	Acharya	Education	Education	
		-			1. Teachers in India: The changing profile; changing roles and responsibilities of
					teachers and its demands on teacher
					education
					2. Teacher identity, social status: a critical
					understanding

3. Concept and nature of teaching
4. Teaching as a profession: characteristics of
a profession; professional ethics for
teachers; teacher autonomy and
accountability
UNIT - II Teacher Education – Historical
Perspectives
1. Teacher education: meaning nature and
-
2. History of teacher education in India:
trends, developments and forces that shaped teacher education.
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3. Reports of National Commissions on education with reference to teacher
education(National Knowledge
Commission)
4. Reports of International Commissions on
education with reference to teacher
education(Learning the treasure within)
UNIT - III Preparation of School Teachers
1. Teacher education institutions: RIEs,
Colleges of Education, University
departments of Education, Elementary
Teacher education institutions, ECCE
Teacher education institutions: institutions
established under Centrally Sponsored
Scheme of Teacher Education namely,
IASEs, CTEs, DIETs, BRCs and CRCs.
2. Models and outcomes of pre-service
teacher education : Face to Face Mode:
elementary level - 1 year model; 2 years
model; 4 year integrated model secondary
level -; one year model; two year model;
Distance Mode: one year model; 2 years
model.
3. Teacher education curriculum: overview of

curriculum frameworks for teacher
education (1978, 1988, 1998, 2006 and
NCFTE 2009) and vision of NCERT &
NCTE towards teacher education.
4. Preparation of teacher for senior secondary
level, vocational stream and for inclusive
settings.
UNIT-IV Curriculum Organization,
Transaction and Evaluation
1. Organization of Teacher Education
Curriculum
2. Transactional approaches for the foundation courses – expository,
participatory, collaborative, peer coaching
and inquiry. Scope and possibility of
organization and evaluation, Lecture-cum-
Discussion, Group Discussion, seminar,
Use of Multimedia/ICT and E-resources
3. Transactional approaches for the skill and
competency development courses – need
for awareness – modelling - analysis –
practice – feedback cycle. Scope and
possibility of organization and evaluation –
practicum records and portfolio
assessment, (Ways and Means for
Transaction: Project Methods, workshops,
team teaching, case study,)
4. Evaluation Techniques- self-appraisal,
peer evaluation, reflective journals,
portfolio assessment. Evaluating
Classroom Processes (including internship)
UNIT - V Continuing Professional
Development of Teachers
1. Concept and importance of Professional
Development
2. Approaches of Professional Development:

					 in-service education; self-study; participation in seminars; workshops, panel discussion, Symposium; organization of study groups and study circles. 3. INSET and Extension education: concept and methodology, training need assessment strategies; formulation of programme proposal, development of content for training modules, organization of training; preparation of Self-Learning Material (SLM), monitoring, evaluation and impact assessment. Role of professional organizations in teacher education.
13	Sociology of Education	Siksha Acharya	Sociology of Education	Sociology of Education	 UNIT I Sociology of Education, Introduction to sociology The functions of Educational Sociology, Current trends in sociology of education. Organized interest groups-Family, Peer Groups. UNIT II Education in Indian Society Education and Religion Education and Economic Order Education and Social Change. Education and Modernization School as a social system UNIT III Culture and Education Meaning and nature of Culture. Role of education in cultural context. Education and cultural change. Sanskrit as a tool for promoting Indian

г				1	
					Culture.
					UNIT IV Education and Indian Constitution
					1. Knowledge about Indian Constitution,
					its directive principles.
					2. Articles of Constitution related to Education and educational Acts.
					3. Meaning of Secularism, Social goals.
					4. Democracy and Socialistic pattern of society.
					5. Human rights and Education.
					6. Indian Constitution and Curriculum
					Frameworks (NCFSE - 2005, NCFTE
					– 2009 & NCTE Regulations 2014).
					UNIT V Issues of equity and gender in
					Education:
					1. Equity issues in Indian social system
					with special reference to socially disadvantaged groups, gender and
					habitations.
					2. Inclusive Education- Persons with
					Disabilities (PwD), Mentally retarded.
					3. Programmes for empowering the
					disadvantages and in-equal groups.
1.0	Education 1	Cilicity		Education 1	
14	Educational	Siksha Acharwa	Educational	Educational	Unit I Research in Education: Conceptual
	Research	Acharya	Research &	Research	Issues 1. i. Concept, nature and scope
			Fundamental		i. Types of research in Education
			statistics		Fundamental, Applied and Action
					Research and their characteristics.
					2.
					i. Research problem: Basis viz.,
					ii. conceptual basis,
					iii. Research base {based on review of
					research studies } ,
					iv. Empirical basis based on empirical

	evidences,
	v. sources for research problem,
	vi. Characteristics of research
	problem.
	3. Variables: Constructs and concepts,
	meaning, nature and types.
	4. Research Proposal: - Conceptual
	framework, need and importance,
	Research questions, objectives, proposition
	and hypotheses, Sources of data and
	method, Tools and techniques, Sampling
	designs, Data analysis plan.
	Unit II Methods of Research
	1. Quantitative Research –
	Historical, Descriptive and
	Experimental Research & Designs:
	a. Historical Research : Nature,
	Characteristics and Scope –
	Sources of Data – Historical Criticism
	(External criticism- authenticity of
	data and Internal Criticism – accuracy
	of the Data) – Data analysis,
	Interpretation and Conclusion –
	Reporting.
	b. Descriptive research : Nature,
	Characteristics and Scope – Sources of
	Data- Primary and Secondary – Tools
	of Research and development of Tools
	– Sample – Data collection -Data
	analysis – Interpretation of Data and
	Conclusion.
	c. Experimental Research : Nature,
	Characteristics and Scope -
	Types of True experimental Designs:
	Single group pre-test, post-test design;
	Two-group Experimental-Control group
	design; Solomon four-group design,

Rotational group design; Factorial design,
Types of Quasi-experimental Designs:
Non-equivalent Groups Designs, Time
Series- Designs
Internal and External validity of the
research designs
2. Qualitative Research
Qualitative Research: Meaning, Nature,
Characteristics, Scope and Relevance
Types of Qualitative Research – Interview,
Observation, Phenomenology, Grounded
Theory, Ethnography, Case Study and
other Qualitative Research Designs.
Unit III Sampling Design
1. Concept of population and sample.
2. Concept of sampling unit,
representativeness of a sample, sampling
frame.
3. Sampling methods: meaning, nature,
conditions and applicability of Probability
Sampling (Simple Random Sampling,
Stratified Random Sampling, Systematic
Sampling, Multi-Stage Sampling, Cluster
Sampling)
4. Non-Probability Sampling (quota
Sampling, incidental Sampling, Purposive
Sampling and judgmental sampling,
snowball sampling, etc.)
5. Sampling error non-sampling error.
Unit- IV Methods of collecting Data
1. Tools and Techniques:
Interview, Questionnaire, Checklist,
Psychological Tests, Achievement Tests
and Diagnostic Tests, Focused Group
Discussion, Observation, Field notes,
transcriptions, Recording (Audio and
Video), Anecdotal records, portfolios,

					 Dialogue, discourse, documents. 2. Standardization of Tools: Reliability: Meaning, types, and procedure of establishing reliability for various tools listed above. Validity: Meaning, types, and procedure of establishing validity for various tools (listed above). Items Analysis: Difficulty value of test item; Discriminative Index and Facility Value; finalization of items (standardization of various tools) Unit- V Basic Descriptive Statistical Treatment for data analysis 1. Processing data in tabular and graphical representation (Bar diagram, Line diagram, Histogram, Frequency curve, Frequency polygon, Ogive and Box plot). 2. Basic concepts: Measures of Central tendencies and Dispersion. 3. Relative Positions – Percentiles and Percentile Ranks. 4. Correlation, Product Moment Correlation; Rank Correlation, Use of software for analysis of data.
15	Teacher Education	Siksha Acharya	Perspectives, Research &Issues in Teacher Education	Teacher Education	 UNIT I Perspectives of Teacher Education Teacher Development: concept, factors influencing teacher development – personal and contextual. Teacher Expertise – Berliner's stages of development of a teacher. Approaches to teacher development – self-directed development, co-operative or collegial development, change- oriented and staff development. Different organizations and agencies

involved in teacher education- their roles,
functions and networking.
5. Preparation of teachers for various
disciplines i.e. art, craft, music, and
physical education - existing programmes
and practices.
UNIT II Structure and Management of
Teacher Education
1. Structure of teacher education system in
India - its merits and limitations.
2. Review of Recommendations of various
committees, regulatory bodies related to
teacher education; Kothari Commission,
Justice Verma Committee, NPE 1986
,POA 1992, NCFTE 2009, NCTE
Regulation 2014.
3. Universalization of secondary education
and its implication for teacher education at
secondary level.
4. Planning financing and control of teacher
education at elementary/ secondary levels
UNIT III Quality Assurance in Teacher
Education
1. Meaning of quality assurance and its
indicators in teacher education
i. Competency based performance
and commitment oriented teacher
education
ii. Teacher appraisal and
accountability
2. Role of different agencies in quality
assurance of teacher development DIETs,
SCERT, CTE, IASE, NCERT, NUEPA,
UGC, Assessment of Quality of teacher
education programme/ institutes NCTE,
NAAC.
3. Total Quality Management in Teacher
5. Total Quarty Management in Toucher

Education.
UNIT IV Research in Teacher Education
1. Methodological issues of research in
teacher education- direct versus indirect
inference, generalizability of findings,
laboratory versus field research, scope
and limitations of classroom observation
2. Assessment of teaching proficiency :
criterion tools and techniques
(observation, interviews and self-
appraisal testing)
3. Trends of research in teacher education –
review of recent research studies in
teacher education with reference to
design, findings and policy implications.
4. Areas of research in teacher education:
teaching, teacher characteristics, teacher
performance, teacher educators and
teacher education institutions.
5. Research on pedagogical approaches in
teacher education including classroom
processes.
6. Programme evaluation of in the area of
teacher education.
UNIT V Problems and Issues in Teacher
Education
1. Challenges in professional development
of teachers w.r.t. school education
2. Single subject versus multiple subject
teachers – implications for subject
combinations in initial teacher
preparation.
3. Issues related to enhancing teacher
competence, commitment and teacher
performance.
4. Maintaining and implementing standards
in teacher education – admission policies,

					 staffing pattern, qualification and mode of recruitment and service conditions of teacher educators. 5. Isolation of teacher education institutions 6. Teacher empowerment and motivation: issues and concerns 7. Code of conduct and professional ethics for teachers: debate/discussion 8. Unplanned growth of teacher education institutions Suggestions to improve Teacher Education.
16	Administrat ion and Leadership	Siksha Acharya	Educational Management, Administration and Leadership	Administrat ion and Leadership	 UNIT I Educational Planning Concept and Nature of Educational Planning The Need and Importance of Educational Planning The Goals of Educational Planning Approaches to Educational Planning; Social Demand Approach, Manpower Approach, Rate of Return Approach Outcome based Planning UNIT II Kinds and problems of Planning short term Planning, Short term Planning, Area planning, Institutional Planning, Micro and Macro Planning, Micro and Macro Planning, Problems in Planning - Internal and External UNIT III Administration and Organization of Planning. Administrative Machinery: National
					b.State levelc.District level

					 d. Block level and e. Institutional level 2. The Planning Process and Procedure. 3. Factors influencing in determination of priorities in Planning. 4. Need-based Data for Educational Planning. 5. Research Contribution to policy making UNIT IV Educational Planning and Financing in India 1. Educational Planning in India; National Development Council, Planning Commission and State Planning Boards, Five Year Plans in India – Perspective Planning, Factors Influencing Educational Allocations 2. Educational Resources ; Public Funds, Local Bodies Funds, Private Funds 3. Principles of Educational Funding 4. Salient Features of Financing of Indian Education. UNIT V Principals and Models of Planning 1. Principals of modern educational planning. 3. Intra model and Extrapolation Model 4. Demographic Projection Model 5. School Mapping
Yoga					
1	Yoga	POST GRAD UATE DIPLO MA IN YOGA VIJNA NA I YEAR PROG	HUMAN BIOLOGY	MODERN ANATOM Y AND PHYSIOLO GY	 UNIT-I MODERN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY OF MUSCULO – SKELETAL SYSTEM RELATED TO YOGA 1.1. Introduction to Human Body and different systems. 1.2. Muscular system, Muscle – classification – properties of each type – distribution- Muscle contraction mechanism (brief). 1.3. Skeletal system – Bones – Types,

RAM COUR SE-III	Structure & function, Joints- Types, Structure & Function, Ligaments, Tendons, spinal column.
	UNIT-II MODERN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY OF CIRCULATORY SYSTEMS RELATED TO HATHA YOGA.
	 2.1. Structural and functional study of Cardio-vascular system 2.2. Structural and functional study of Blood 2.3. Immunity system – Types & mechanism
	UNIT-III MODERN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY OF RESPIRATORY SYSTEM RELATED TO HATHA YOGA.
	 3.1. Structural and Functional study of Respiratory system 3.2. Structural and Functional study of Digestive system 3.3. Nutrients – Macro and Micro-
	Types, Importance, sources and Physiological role, Importance of balanced diet. UNIT-IV MODERN ANATOMY
	PHYSIOLOGY OF DIGESTIVE SYSTEM RELATED TO HATHA YOGA.

					 4.1. Gross Anatomy of neuron and classification of neurons. 4.2. Types of Nervous system-Central Nervous system-Brain and Spinal cord 4.3. Autonomic nervous system – sympathetic and parasympathetic. UNIT-V MODERN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY OF NEURO-ENDOCRINAL SYSTEMS RELATED TO H.Y. P 5.1. Gross anatomy and physiology of major Endocrine glands 5.2. Anatomy and Physiology of Excretory system
2	Yoga	POST GRAD UATE DIPLO MA IN YOGA VIJNA NA I YEAR PROG RAM COUR SE-IV	BASIS AND PRINCIPLES OF YOGA THERAPHY	YOGA ON HUMAN BIOLOGY	UNIT-II (Effect of yogic practices on following systems) 2.1. Skeletal, muscular and Nervous system 2.2. Respiratory system and Circulatory system 2.3. Digestive system, excretory system and Endocrine system.

PROG RAMYoga.COUR SE-IIDIGESTIV E2.2. Modern Anatomy a Circulatory systems Yoga.DIGESTIV EAND NEURO EDOCRIN ALUNIT-III DIGESTIVE EDOCRINAL SYSTEM REL SYSTEM RELATED TO H.YUNIT-III DIGESTIVE EDOCRINAL SYSTEM REL 3.1. Modern Anatomy a Digestive system Yoga.	e of body (sarira) in and Physiology of a Yoga. and Physiology of atha Yoga. ORY AND I RELATED TO and Physiology of n related to Hatha and Physiology of as related to Hatha (pes of blood. AND NEURO LATED TO H.Y and Physiology of related to Hatha and physiology of ated to Hatha Yoga. and Physiology of related to Hatha
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		ÞG		METHODS OF REPORT STUDY	 5.1. Use and study of Stethoscope, Spigmomonometer, 5.2. Study of Pulse, Heart Rate, Respiratory Rate, BMI, Bio-Chemical Investigations- LFT, PFT, RFT, Hormonal Assay (Thyroid only) and x ray.
4	Yoga	P.G.	PRINCIPLE	INTRODU	UNIT-I INTRODUCTION TO
		DIPLO MA IN	OF	CTION TO NATUROP	NATUROPATHY
		YOGA	NATUROPA	ATHY	1.1. Introduction to Naturopathy
		THER	THY		1.2. Definition – history – aims and
		APY			objectives of Naturopathy.
		AND			1.3. Principles of Naturopathy.
		STRES			UNIT-II NATUROPATHY AND LIFE STYLE
		S			2.1. Concept of Body in Naturopathy
		MANA			2.2. Importance of life style in Naturopathy
		GEME			2.3. Role, importance and regulation of Diet
		NT			(aahaara) in Naturopathy
		Ι			
		YEAR			UNIT-III NATURE CURE THERAPIES
		PROG			3.1. Principles and practice of Hydro-
		RAM			therapy, Mud-therapy, Hot & Cold-
		COUR			packs,
		SE-III			3.2. Principles and practice of Massage,
					Sun-bath
					3.3. Principles and practice of Fasting,
					Color-therapy.
					UNIT-IV RELATION OF NATUROPATHY
					AND YOGA
					4.1. Relationship of Naturopathy and Yoga in Health and Disease Management.

6 Yoga P.G. YOGA AND CONCEPT UNIT-I CONCEPT OF HEALTH

DIPLO	HEALTH	OF	1.1. Concept of Health – definitions,
MA IN	MANAGEME	HEALTH	importance of health, principles of
YOGA	NT	IILALIII	health promotion related to Yoga and
THER			
APY			Ayurveda.
AND			1.2. Mental Health – concept, definition
STRES			related to yoga ayurveda
STRES			1.3. characteristics of mentally balanced
MANA			person and role of Yoga
GEME			
NT			UNIT-II YOGIC MANAGEMENT FOR
111			ENDOCRINAL DISORDERS
I			2.1. Yogic management of Hypertension
YEAR			2.2. Yogic management of Thyrotoxicosis
PROG			2.3. Yogic management of Diabetes mellitus
RAM			
COUR			UNIT-III THERAPUTIC MODULES OF
SE-V			YOGA
SE-V			2.1 Varia management of Decembral
			3.1. Yogic management of Bronchial
			asthma
			3.2. Yogic management of Heart attack
			3.3. Yogic management of Acidic Peptic
			Ulcer and Colitis.
			UNIT-IV YOGA THERAPY FOR
			NEUROLOGICAL DISORDERS
			4.1. Yogic management of Anxiety Neurosis
			4.2. Yogic management of Migraine
			4.3. Yogic management of Epilepsy AND
			Insomnia
			UNIT-V CURATIVE ASPECTS OF YOGA
			5.1. Yogic management of Menstrual

Tran	Islation Translation	Sastri/B. A./B.Sc.Y oga 1 st Year, 1 st Semester , Course – 1,	Definition and scope of Translation and essentials of Translation	disorders 5.2. Yogic management of Skin disorders Yogic management of Sexual impotency. All Units Unit I Various Definitions of Translation. The Terms: Translator, Translate and Translation Unit II Scope and Importance of Translation a) Need and Scope of Translation b) Is translation a mere linguistic exercise or is it an art? c) Importance and Uses of Translation Unit II Sentence Translation Exercises for Practice Translation from one language into the other one from the following four Languages-(Sanskrit, English, Telugu and Hindi) Nominal, Pronominal and Adjectival Translation Exercises for Practice Unit IV Verbal, Adverbial and Conjunctional Translation Exercises for Practice Unit V Prepositional and Phrasal Translation Exercises for Practice.	
2	Translation	Sastri/B. A./B.Sc.Y oga 1 st Year, 2nd Semester , Course – 2,	Passage Translations (Sanskrit, English, Telugu and Hindi)	All Units Unit I Aids To Translation i. a) Dictionaries b) Thesaurus c) Grammar d) Idioms and Phrases book ii. Guidelines to Use a Dictionary Unit II Translations from News Papers (Sanskrit, English, Telugu and Hindi) Unit III-	

3	Translation	Sastri/B. A./B.Sc.Y oga 2 nd Year, 3 rd Semester , Course – 3,	Types of Translation and Practice	Translations from Texts (Sanskrit, English, Telugu and Hindi) Unit IV Translations from Short Stories (Sanskrit, English, Telugu and Hindi) Unit V Translations from Selected Passages from Classical Sanskrit prose Texts (Sanskrit, English, Telugu and Hindi) All Units Unit I - 1. DDDD DDDDDD - Word-to-word translation and 2. DDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDD	
4	Translation	Sastri/B. A./B.Sc.Y	Problems in the Translation	15. DDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDD: Theme based Translation 16. DDDDDDDDDDDDD: Translation 16. DDDDDDDDDDD: All Units Unit I	00000000000000000000000000000000000000

		oga 2 nd Year, 4 th Semester , Course – 4,	Process (Sanskrit, English, Telugu and Hindi)	Language Related Problems Exercises with Vocabulary, Idioms, Phrases and Maxims Unit II Grammar Related Problems Exercises with Concord and Government Unit III Problems Related to Inter conversion of various Literary Forms. Translating an Original text in Prose into poetry form of object language and such other exercises Unit IV Ethnic and Cultural Problems in Translating Modern Texts into Sanskrit . Unit V Problems in Translating Sanskrit texts into Modern Languages.	
5	Translation	Sastri/B. A./B.Sc.Y oga 3 rd Year, 5 th Semester , Course – 5,	Forms of Literary writing - Principles of Translation (Theory)	All Units Unit 1 Minor types of Writing in Sanskrit Gadyam (katha, akhyaylka, Parikatha, Sakala Katha, Khanda Katha, laghu katha, upakhyana etc), Padyam (Maha Kavya, Khanda Kavya, Stotra kavya, altihasika Kavya, Stotras, Muktaka, Dvika, Trika, Shatka, Ashtaka, Dasaka, Sandanitaka, Kalapaka, Kosha, Taravall, Birudavall etc), Champu Rupaka (Ten major types and 18 Minor types of rupakas) Unit II Forms of Writing in English Epics,Tragedy, Comedy, Satire, Sagas of Old Norse, Parables, Fables, Ballads, Idylls, Romance, Odes, Apologues, Allegory, Sonnets, Lyrics, Blank verse, Short story, Novel etc.	

				Unit IIIForms of Writing in Telugu. DDDDDDDDDDDDDDD, DDDDDD, DDDDDD, DDDDDDD, DDDDDDD, DDDDDDD, DDDDDDDD, DDDDDDDDD, DDDDDDDDDD, DDDDDDDDD, DDDDDDDDD, DDDDDDDDD, DDDDDDDD, DDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDD. Unit IV Forms of Writing in Hindi Poetry, Prose, Natak, Travelogues, Lyrics, Essays etcUnit V Major Types of Literary Writings in Sanskrit (A Random study)	
6	Translation	Sastri/B. A./B.Sc.Y oga 3 rd Year, 5 th Semester , Course - 6,	Types of Literary writing- Principles of Translation (Practice)	All UnitsUnit I-Minor types of Writing in Sanskrit 5 Selectionsfrom Different Sections of Sanskrit Literature forEnglish/Telugu/Hindi.Translating intoi.Subhashitas of Bhartrhari-Vidvat paddhati, Sujanapaddhati, dharyapaddhati) ii. AdiSankara'sBhajagovinda Stotra iill. Rutusamahara ofKalidasa: Vasanta and Grishma Seasons iv. TheVanechara's Report to Yudhisthira from Kiratarjuniyav. Bhoja prabandha of BallalaIntroductory story - Bhoja's Ascending to throne)Unit II-Forms of Writing in English5 Selections from Different Sections of EnglishLiterature for Translating into Sanskrit i. Ode on aGrecian Urn-John Keats II. Daffodils of WilliamWordsworthiii. Squirrel and Mountain of RW Emerson iv. Sita ofToru Dutt v. Kabuli wala of Rabindra Nath Tagore 20Marks.Unit III –Forms of Writing in Telugu5 Selections from Different Sections of TeluguLiterature for Translating into Sanskrit	

				 D) 25 DDDDDD (DDDD, DDDDD, DDDDDDDD (DDDDDDDD	
7	Translation	Sastri/B. A./B.Sc.Y oga 3 rd Year, 6 th Semester , Course – 7,	Historicity Translations Sanskrit, English, Telugu and Hindi	All UnitsUnit ISanskrit - Sanskrit Translations through agesGunadhya JagannathaUnit IISanskrit - English Translations through ages and versaSir William Jones Modern timesUnit IIISanskrit - Telugu Translations through ages and viceversaKavitrayam Modern timesUnit IVSanskrit - Hindi Translations Through agesand vice versaAdikal - Modern timesUnit IVSenskrit - Mindi Translations Through agesand vice versaAdikal - Modern timesUnit VFreedom of translators - A brief study of some important translated works	

8	Translation	Sastri/B. A./B.Sc.Y oga 3 rd Year, 6 th Semester , Course – 7,	Textual Translation Practice	All Units Unit I Translation of Mahakavyas and Khandakavyas (Poetry) Meghaduta (Purva megha) From Sanskrit to English/Hindi/Telugu Unit II Translation of Classical Prose Sukanasopadesa from Kadambari Kapinjalopadesa from Kadambari From Sanskrit to English/Hindi/Telugu Unit III Translation of Selected Acts from Popular Sanskrit Plays Act I of Pratijna Yaugandharayana of Bhasa Unit IV and Unit V A Project Work for students	
Te	elugu				
1	Telugu	Sastr Ist year second Langua ge Ist Semest er, Course -1,		Unit V	

2	Telugu	Sastri Ist year second Langua ge IInd Semest er, Course -2		Unit V	
3	Telugu	B.A/B. Sc/B.Sc yoga (Telug u) second Langua ge Telugu semest er Ist, Course -1		Unit - 5	

4	Telugu	B.A/B. Sc/B.Sc yoga (Telug u) second Langua ge Telugu semest er IV, Course – 4,		Unit – 5		ו
5	Telugu	B.A/B. Sc/B.Sc yoga (Telug u) Telugu Lit semest er V, Course -5,		Unit IV, V	4, 5	

6	Telugu	B.A/B. Sc/B.Sc yoga (Telug u) Telugu Lit semest er -5 Course – 6,		All Units	
7	Telugu	B.A/B. Sc/B.Sc yoga (Telug u) Telugu Lit		All Units	

		semest er Course - 7			
8	Telugu	Achary a (Telug u) Telugu Semest er I, II, III, IV Course – 5,		All Units	

	• 1•			
1	indi Hindi	B.A./B.S c. Yoga 1 st Year, 1 st Semeste r, Literatur e, Course- 2		

2	Hindi	Sastri/B.	0000000000000	1.00000.00	0000 -1	0000000 000
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4	Hindi	M.A. Hindi 1 st Year, Semeste r 1, Course - 5		

5	Hindi	Acharya Hindi 1 st & 2 nd Years, All Courses & All Units		

Comp	uter Science <mark>a</mark>	<mark>& MA Sa</mark> t	odabodha			
1	Computer Science	Sastri/ BA/ B.SC Yoga	P-5: Natural Language Processing	000000000 0000000 (Paninian grammar)	Unit 3	Introduction to Paninian grammar - Karaka theory - Karaka Vibakti Mapping
2	Computer Science	M.Sc. Comput er Science and Langua ge Technol ogy/ MA Sabdab odha	P-4: Natural Language Processing-I	Paninian grammar	Unit 3	Introduction to Paninian grammar - Karaka theory - Karaka Vibakti Mapping This is taught in English

	Commente	MC		TT'st s s		
3	Computer	M.Sc.	P-5: Sanskrit	History	Unit 5	Outlines of history
	Science	Comput	Linguistics-I			of Indo-Aryan-Old
		er				Indo-Aryan-
		Science				Evolution of
		and				Classical Sanskrit
		Langua				Differences
		ge				between the Vedic
		Technol				and the Classical
		ogy/				Sanskrit – Middle
		MA				Indo-Aryan –
		Sabdab				Modern Indo-
		odha				Aryan – Dravidian
						languages.
						This is taught in
						English & Sanskrit
4	Computer	M.Sc.	P-10: Sanskrit	Sanskrit	Unit 1	Phonetics :
	Science	Comput	Linguistics - II	Phonetics		Phonology ,
		er	0			Phoneme,
		Science				Allophone –
		and				Phonetic
		Langua				Tendencies in
		ge				Language -
		Technol				Phonemes in PIE –
		ogy/				Sanskrit Alphabet
		MA				- Physiology of
		Sabdab				Language –
		odha				Organs of Speech
						– Process of
						articulation of
						speech
						-
						This is taught in
						English & Sanskrit
1						

5	Computer	M.Sc.	P-10: Sanskrit	Analysis of	Unit 2	Analysis of
	Science	Comput	Linguistics - II	Sanskrit		Sanskrit Alphabet
		er		Alphabet		- Indian tradition
		Science				of Phonetics –
		and				Processes –
		Langua				Distinction
		ge Technol				between vowel and consonant –
						Stops – Fricatives
		ogy/ MA				- Semivowels -
		Sabdab				Vowels –
		odha				Nasalization of
						vowels and Semi
						Vowels – Glide –
						Acoustic
						Phonetics – Accent
						This is taught in
						English & Sanskrit
6	Computer	M.Sc.	P-10: Sanskrit	Sanskrit	Unit 3	Sources of
	Science	Comput	Linguistics - II	vowels		Sanskrit vowels :
		er Science				Simple vowels – Diphthongs – PIE
		and				Neutral Vowel –
		Langua				PIE Sonant Nasals
		ge				– PIE Sonant
		Technol				Liquids
		ogy/				_
		MA				This is taught in
		Sabdab				English & Sanskrit
		odha				
7	Computer	M.Sc.	P-10: Sanskrit	Phonetic	Unit 4	Phonetic law – PIE
	Science	Comput	Linguistics - II	laws - about		Consonants in
		er		Sanskrit and		Different Branches
		Science		other		– Gutturals in PIE
		and		languages		– Satam and

		Langua ge Technol ogy/ MA Sabdab odha				Centum Groups of Languages This is taught in English & Sanskrit
8	Computer Science	M.Sc. Comput er Science and Langua ge Technol ogy/ MA Sabdab odha	P-10: Sanskrit Linguistics - II	Classificatio n of Sanskrit Alphabets	Unit 5	BasisforClassification-SourcesofSanskrit-Consonants-Palatals-Gutturals-Gutturals-Dentals - Labials-Dentals - Labials-Semivowels-Liquids - Spirants.This is taught inEnglish & Sanskrit
9	Computer Science	M.Sc. Comput er Science and Langua ge Technol ogy/ MA Sabdab odha	P-15: Sanskrit Linguistics - III	Sanskrit Morphology	Unit 1	Morphology : Morpheme – Allomorph – Morph – Morphology, Suffixes : Nature of the root – Origin of suffixes – Composition theory – Secretion theory This is taught in English & Sanskrit

10	Computer	M.Sc.	P-15: Sanskrit	Noun	Unit 2	Noun Formative
_	Science	Comput	Linguistics - III	Formative		Suffixes :
		er		Suffixes for		Comparison of the
		Science		Sanskrit		division of the
		and		001101110		formative suffixes
		Langua				into primary and
		ge				secondary with
		Technol				panian
		ogy/				classification of
		MA				krt and taddhita –
		Sabdab				Simple and
		odha				compound
						suffixes –
						Comparative and
						superlative
						suffixes
						This is taught in
						English & Sanskrit
11	Computer	M.Sc.	P-15: Sanskrit	Paninian	Unit 3	Compounds :
	Science	Comput	Linguistics - III	classificatio		Nature of the
		er		n		compound –
		Science				Paninian
		and				classification of
		Langua				compounds –
		ge				Origin of
		Technol				compounds –
		ogy/				Tatpurusa –
		MA				Bahuvrihi –
		Sabdab				Dvandva –
		odha				Obscure
						compounds
						This is taught in
						English & Sanskrit
						0

12	Computer	M.Sc.	P-15: Sanskrit	Sanskrit	Unit 4	Verb Morphology :
	Science	Comput	Linguistics - III	Verb		Verbal root –
	~	er	Linguistics in	Morphology		Thematic and
		Science		Morphology		Athematic roots –
		and				Panini's
		Langua				
		ge				roots –
		Technol				This is taught in
		ogy/				English & Sanskrit
		MA				
		Sabdab				
		odha				
13	Computer	M.Sc.	P-15: Sanskrit	PIE verb	Unit 5	PIE verb system :
	Science	Comput	Linguistics - III	system with		Person – Number
		er	_	reference to		– Voice – Aspect
		Science		Sanskrit		or type of verbal
		and				action –
		Langua				Reduplication –
		ge				Augment –
		Technol				Personal endings
		ogy/				– Tenses – Moods
		MA				Tenses Moous
		Sabdab				This is taught in
		odha				English & Sanskrit
		oulla				
Histo	ory					
1	History	Sastri/B.	Indian History	Vedic	Unit - II	Rigvedic and later
	instory	A/B.Sc.	and culture up to	literature		Vedic life – society
		Yoga	1100 A.D.	merature		economy – religion.
		U U	1100 11.0.			continy rengion.
		1 st Year,				
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		Semeste				
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2	History	Sastri/B.	Indian History	Vedic	Unit - IV	Kalidas's Writing
	· ·	A/B.Sc.	and culture up to	literature		under Literature.
		Yoga	1100 A.D.			
		1 St Veen				
		1^{st} Year, 2^{nd}				
		Semeste				
		r				
3	History	Sastri/B.	Indian History	Vedic	Unit - V	Sangam Age –
		A/B.Sc.	and culture up to	literature		Sanskrit poems.
		Yoga	1100 A.D.			
		1 st Year,				
		2^{nd}				
		Semeste				
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Polit	ical Science	1				
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